

# 2HSS86H-KH-XX

# **Hybrid Stepper Servo Drive**

# Manual



Shenzhen **Just Motion Control** Electro-mechanics Co., Ltd TEL:+86-0755-26509689 FAX:+86-0755-26509289 www.jmc-motion.com Email:info@jmc-motion.com Address: Floor2, Building A, Hongwei Industrial Zone No.6, Liuxian 3rd Road, Shenzhen. China Thanks for selecting JMC stepper motor driver. We hope that the superior performance, outstanding quality, excellent cost performance of our product can help you accomplish your motion control project.

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# 1. Overview

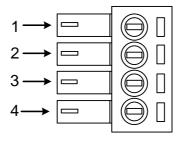
The HSS86H-KH hybrid stepper servo drive system integrates the servo control technology into the digital stepper drive perfectly. And this product adopts an optical encoder with high speed position sampling feedback of  $50 \mu$ s, once the position deviation appears, it will be fixed immediately. This product is compatible the advantages of the stepper drive and the servo drive, such as lower heat, less vibration, fast acceleration, and so on. This kind of servo drive also has an excellent cost performance.

# 2. Features

- Without losing step, High accuracy in positioning
- ◆ 100% rated output torque
- Variable current control technology, High current efficiency
- Small vibration, Smooth and reliable moving at low speed
- Accelerate and decelerate control inside, Great improvement in smoothness of starting or stopping the motor
- User-defined micro steps
- Compatible with 1000 and 2500 lines encoder
- No adjustment in general applications
- Over current, over voltage and over position error protection
- Green light means running while red light means protection or off line

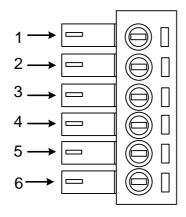
# **3. Ports Introduction**

#### 3.1 ALM and PEND signal output ports



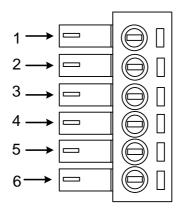
Port	Symbol	Name	Remark
1	PEND+	In position signal output +	<del>+</del>
2	PEND-	In position signal output -	
3	ALM+	Alarm output +	
4	ALM-	Alarm output -	

### **3.2 Control Signal Input Ports**



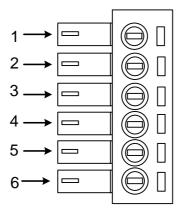
Port	Symbol	Name	Remark
1	PLS+	Pulse signal +	Compatible with
2	PLS-	Pulse signal -	5V or 24V
3	DIR+	Direction signal+	Compatible with
4	DIR-	Direction signal-	5V or 24V
5	ENA+	Enable signal +	Compatible with
6	ENA-	Enable signal -	5V or 24V

**3.3 Encoder Feedback Signal Input Ports** 



Port	Symbol	Name Wiring colo	
1	PB+	Encoder phase B +	Blue
2	PB-	Encoder phase B -	White
3	PA+	Encoder phase A +	Yellow
4	PA-	Encoder phase A -	Green
5	VCC	Input power	Red
6	GND	Input power ground	Black

#### **3.4 Power Interface Ports**



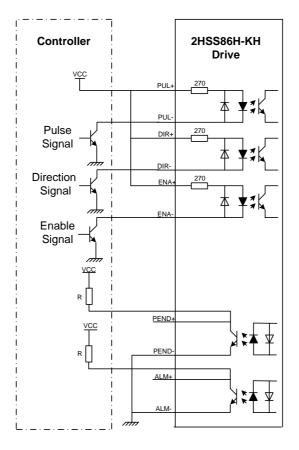
Port	Identification	Symbol	Name	Remark
1		A+	Phase A+ (Red)	Motor Phase A
2	Motor Phase	A-	Phase A- (Blue)	MOIOI Fliase A
3	Wire Input Ports	B+	Phase B+ (Green)	Motor Phase B
4		B-	Phase B- (Black)	WOULD PHASE D
5	Power Input	VCC	Input Power +	AC24V-70V
6	Ports	GND	Input Power-	DC30V-100V

# 4. Technological Index

Input Voltage		24~70VAC or		
		30~100VDC		
Output	Current	6A 20KHz PWM		
Pulse Frequ	iency max	200K		
Communic	ation rate	57.6Kbps		
		• Over current peak value 12A±10%		
Prote	ction	• Over voltage value 130V		
		• The over position error range can be		
		set through the HISU		
Overall Dimensions (mm)		150×97.5×53		
Weight		Approximate 580g		
	Environment	Avoid dust, oil fog and corrosive gases		
	Operating	70°C Max		
Environment	Temperature			
	Storage	-20°C~+65°C		
Specifications	Temperature			
	Humidity	40~90%RH		
	Cooling	Natural cooling or forced air cooling		
	method			

# **5.** Connections to Control Signal

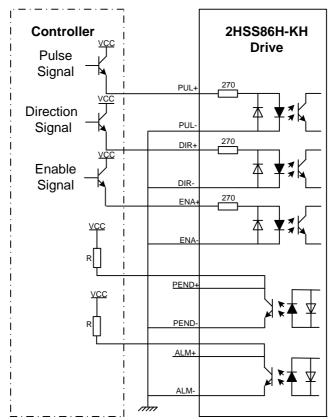
#### 5.1 Connections to Common Anode



#### **Remark:**

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

R(3~5K) must be connected to control signal terminal.

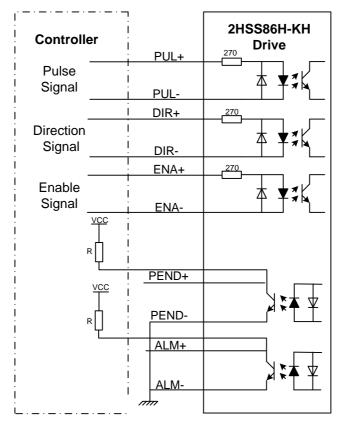


#### 5.2 Connections to Common Cathode

#### **Remark:**

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

R(3~5K) must be connected to control signal terminal.



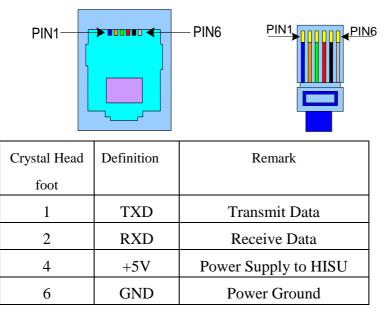
#### **5.3** Connections to Differential Signal

#### **Remark:**

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

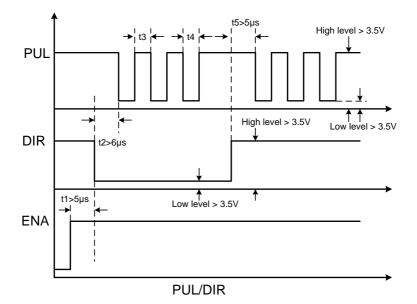
R(3~5K) must be connected to control signal terminal.

#### 5.4 Connections to 232 Serial Communication Interface



#### **5.5 Sequence Chart of Control Signals**

In order to avoid some fault operations and deviations, PUL, DIR and ENA should abide by some rules, shown as following diagram:



#### **Remark:**

a. t1: ENA must be ahead of DIR by at least  $5\mu$  s. Usually, ENA+ and ENA- are NC (not connected).

b. t2: DIR must be ahead of PUL active edge by  $6\mu$  s to ensure correct direction;

c. t3: Pulse width not less than  $2.5\mu$  s;

d. t4: Low level width not less than  $2.5\mu$  s.

# 6. DIP Switch Setting

#### 6.1 Activate Edge Setting

SW1 is used for setting the activate edge of the input signal, "off" means the activate edge is the rising edge, while "on" is the falling edge.

#### **6.2 Running Direction Setting**

SW2 is used for setting the running direction, "off" means CCW, while "on" means CW.

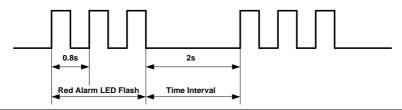
#### 6.3 Micro steps Setting

The micro steps setting is in the following table, while SW3, SW4, SW5, SW6 are all on, the internal default micro steps inside is activate, this ratio can be setting through the HISU.

Dial switch	SW3	SW4	SW5	SW6
Micro steps				
Default	on	on	on	on
800	off	on	on	on
1600	on	off	on	on
3200	off	off	on	on
6400	on	on	off	on
12800	off	on	off	on
25600	on	off	off	on
51200	off	off	off	on
1000	on	on	on	off
2000	off	on	on	off
4000	on	off	on	off
5000	off	off	on	off

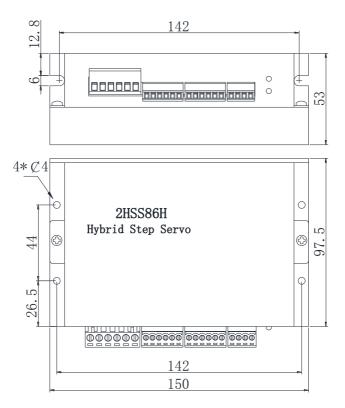
8000	on	on	off	off
10000	off	on	off	off
20000	on	off	off	off
40000	off	off	off	off

# 7. Faults alarm and LED flicker frequency



Flicker	Description to the Faults
Frequency	
1	Error occurs when the motor coil current exceeds
	the drive's current limit.
2	Voltage reference error in the drive
3	Parameters upload error in the drive
4	Error occurs when the input voltage exceeds the
	drive's voltage limit.
5	Error occurs when the actual position following
	error exceeds the limit which is set by <b>the position</b>
	error limit.

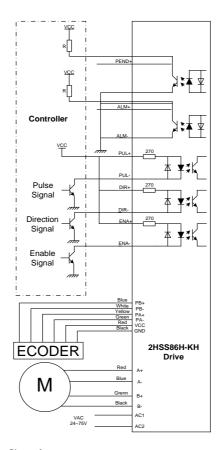
# 8. Appearance and Installation Dimensions



#### 9. Typical Connection

This drive can provide the encoder with a power supply of +5v, maximum current 80mA. It adopts a quadruplicated-frequency counting method, and the resolution ratio of the encoder multiply 4 are the pulses per rotate of the servo motor. Here is the typical connection of

#### 2HSS86H-KH.



#### **10.** Parameter Setting

The parameter setting method of 2HSS86H-KH drive is to use a HISU adjuster through the 232 serial communication ports, only in this way can we setting the parameters we want. There are a set of best default parameters to the corresponding motor which are carefully

adjusted by our engineers, users only need refer to the following table, specific condition and set the correct parameters.

Mode	Definition	Range	Dime-	Drive	Default
			nsion	Restart	Value
<b>P1</b>	Current loop Kp	0—4000	1	N	1000
P2	Current loop Ki	0—1000	1	Ν	100
P3	Damping coefficient	0—1000	1	Ν	100
P4	Position loop Kp	0—4000	1	Ν	1300
P5	Position loop Ki	0—1000	1	Ν	250
<b>P6</b>	Speed loop Kp	0—3000	1	Ν	50
<b>P7</b>	Position loop Ki	0—1000	1	Ν	10
P8	Open loop current	0—60	0.1	Ν	45
<b>P9</b>	Close loop current	0—40	0.1	Ν	20
P10	Alarm level	0—1	1	Ν	0
P11	Reserved				
P12	Stop lock enable	0—1	1	Ν	0
P13	Enable signal level	0—1	1	Ν	0
P14	Arrival level	0—1	1	Ν	1
P15	Encoder line number	0—1	1	Y	0
P16	Position error limit	0—3000	10	Ν	1000
P17	Reserved				
P18	Motor type	0—5	0	Y	4
P19	Speed smoothness	0—10	1	Ν	0
P20	User-defined p/r	4-1000	50	Y	8

Actual value = Set value	$\times$	the corresponding dimension
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There are total 20 parameter configurations, use the HISU to download the configured parameters to the drive, the detail descriptions to every parameter configuration are as follows:

Item	Description	
Current loop Kp	Increase Kp to make current rise fast. Proportional	
	Gain determines the response of the drive to setting	
	command. Low Proportional Gain provides a stable	
	system (doesn't oscillate), has low stiffness, and the	
	current error, causing poor performances in tracking	
	current setting command in each step. Too large	
	proportional gain values will cause oscillations and	
	unstable system.	
Current loop Ki	Adjust Ki to reduce the steady error. Integral Gain	
	helps the drive to overcome static current errors. A	
	low or zero value for Integral Gain may have current	
	errors at rest. Increasing the integral gain can reduce	
	the error. If the Integral Gain is too large, the system	
	may "hunt" (oscillate) around the desired position.	
Damping	This parameter is used to change the damping	
coefficient	coefficient in case of the desired operating state is	
	under resonance frequency.	
Position loop Kp	The PI parameters of the position loop. The default	
Position loop Ki	values are suitable for most of the application, you	
	don't need to change them. Contact us if you have	
	any question.	

Speed loop Kp	The PI parameters of the speed loop. The default				
Speed loop Ki	values are suitable for most of the application, you				
	don't need to change them. Contact us if you have				
	any question.				
Open loop	This parameter affects the static torque of the motor.				
current					
Close loop	This parameter affects the dynamic torque of the				
current	motor. (The actual current = open loop current +				
	close loop current)				
Alarm Control	This parameter is set to control the Alarm				
	optocoupler output transistor. 0 means the transistor				
	is cut off when the system is in normal working, but				
	when it comes to fault of the drive, the transistor				
	becomes conductive. 1 means opposite to 0.				
Stop lock enable	This parameter is set to enable the stop clock of the				
	drive. 1 means enable this function while 0 means				
	disable it.				
Enable Control	This parameter is set to control the Enable input				
	signal level, 0 means low, while 1 means high.				
Arrival Control	This parameter is set to control the Arrival				
	optocoupler output transistor. 0 means the transistor				
	is cut off when the drive satisfies the arrival				

	command, but when it comes to not, the transistor						
	becomes conductive. 1 means opposite to 0.						
Encoder	This drive provides two choices of the number of						
resolution	lines of the encoder. 0 means 1000 lines, while 1						
	means 2500 lines.						
Position error	The limit of the position following error. When the						
limit	actual position error exceeds this value, the drive						
	will go into error mode and the fault output will be						
	activated. (The actual value = the set value $\times$ 10)						
Motor type	Parameter	1	2	3	4	5	
selection	Туре	86J18	86J18	86J18	86J18	86J18	
		65EC	80EC	95EC	118EC	156EC	
Speed	This para	meter is	set to c	control the smoothness of			
smoothness	the speed of the motor while acceleration						
		relevation, the larger the value, the smoother the ed in acceleration or deceleration.					
	spece in acceleration of deceleration.						
	0 1 2	10					

User-defined p/r	This parameter is set of user-defined pulse per
	revolution, the internal default micro steps inside is
	activate while SW3, SW4, SW5, SW6 are all on,
	users can also set the micro steps by the outer DIP
	switches. (The actual micro steps = the set value
	× 50)

# 11. Processing Methods to Common Problems and

# Faults

#### 11.1 Power on power light off

 No power input, please check the power supply circuit. The voltage is too low.

#### 11.2 Power on red alarm light on

- Please check the motor feedback signal and if the motor is connected with the drive.
- The stepper servo drive is over voltage or under voltage. Please lower or increase the input voltage.

# 11.3 Red alarm light on after the motor running a small angle

Please check the motor phase wires if they are connected correctly, if not, please refer to the 3.4 Power Ports.

- Please check the parameter in the drive if the poles of the motor and the encoder lines are corresponding with the real parameters, if not, set them correctly.
- Please check if the frequency of the pulse signal is too fast, thus the motor may be out of it rated speed, and lead to position error.

#### 11.4 After input pulse signal but the motor not running

- Please check the input pulse signal wires are connected in reliable way.
- Please make sure the input pulse mode is corresponding with the real input mode.